PRODUCT DATA SHEET



Bioworld Technology CO., Ltd.

PKAβ cat (D324) Peptide

Cat No.: BS1955P

Background

Activation of PKA occurs when cAMP binds to the two regulatory subunits of the tetrameric PKA holoenzyme resulting in release of active catalytic subunits. Three catalytic (C) subunits have been identified, designated $C\alpha$, $C\beta$ and $C\gamma$, that each represent specific gene products. $C\alpha$ and $C\beta$ are closely related (93% amino acid sequence similarity), whereas $C\gamma$ displays 83% and 79% similarity to $C\alpha$ and $C\beta$, respectively. Activation of transcription upon elevation of cAMP levels results from translocation of PKA to the nucleus where it phosphorylates the transcription factor cAMP response element binding protein (CREB) on serine 133 which in turn leads to TFIIB binding to TATA-box-binding protein TBP1, thus linking phospho-CREB to the Pol II transcription initiation complex.

Swiss-Prot

P22694

Applications

Blocking

Specificity

This peptide can be used with studies using BS1955 PKA β cat (D324) pAb.

Purification & Purity

Synthetic peptide PKA β cat (D324). (Note: the amino acid sequence is proprietary). The purity is > 98%.

Product

1 mg/ml in DI water.

Storage & Stability

Store at $4 \,\mathrm{C}$ short term. Aliquot and store at $-20 \,\mathrm{C}$ long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Research Use

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.