

PRODUCT DATA SHEET

Bioworld Technology CO., Ltd.



PEBP2 β (R33) Peptide

Cat No.: BS2307P

Background

The transcription factor Polyomavirus enhancer binding protein 2 (PEBP2), also designated Osf2 (Osteoblast-specific transcription factor), CBFA1 (Core Binding Factor) and AML3 (Acute myeloid leukemia), is composed of two subunits, α and β , which are essential for the regulation of hematopoiesis and osteogenesis. The PEBP2 α subunits, PEBP2 α A, PEBP2 α B and PEBP2 α C, are encoded by three RUNX genes, all of which contain a 128-amino acid region homologous to the highly conserved Drosophila segmentation gene, runt. This region is involved in DNA binding and heterodimerization with the regulatory β subunit, which facilitates DNA binding of the α subunit. Both subunits are required for in vivo function; the disruption of either gene results in a lack of definitive hematopoiesis followed by embryo death in utero due to hemorrhage in the central nervous system. The gene encoding PEBP2 β is the target of chromosomal inversion 16 (p13;q22) with the smooth muscle myosin heavy chain, producing a chimeric gene, PEBP2 β /CBF β -SMMHC, that is associated with human acute myeloid leukemia.

Swiss-Prot

Q13951

Applications

Blocking

Specificity

This peptide can be used with studies using BS2307 PEBP2 β (R33) pAb.

Purification & Purity

Synthetic peptide PEBP2 β (R33). (Note: the amino acid sequence is proprietary). The purity is > 98%.

Product

1 mg/ml in DI water.

Storage & Stability

Store at 4 °C short term. Aliquot and store at -20 °C long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Research Use

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.