## PRODUCT DATA SHEET



# Bioworld Technology CO., Ltd.

# GluR-δ2 (G860) Peptide

Cat No.: BS3029P

## **Background**

Glutamate receptors mediate most excitatory neurotransmission in the brain and play an important role in neural plasticity, neural development and neurodegeneration. Ionotropic glutamate receptors are categorized into NMDA receptors kainate/AMPA receptors, both of which contain glutamategated, Kainate/AMPA receptors cation-specific ion channels. co-localize with NMDA receptors in many synapses and consist of seven structurally related subunits, designated GluR-1 to -7, as well as GluR-δ2. The kainate/AMPA receptors are primarily responsible for the fast excitatory neurotransmission by glutamate whereas the NMDA receptors are functionally characterized by a slow kinetic and a high permeability for Ca2+ ions. The NMDA receptors consist of five subunits: ε1, 2, 3, 4 and one  $\zeta$  subunit. The  $\zeta$  subunit is expressed throughout the brainstem whereas the four  $\varepsilon$  subunits display limited distribution. In mice, mutations in the gene encoding GluR-δ2 (GRID2) cause the Lurcher phenotype. The gene encoding human GluR-δ2 maps to chromosome 4q22.

#### **Swiss-Prot**

O43424

# **Applications**

**Blocking** 

#### **Specificity**

This peptide can be used with studies using BS3029 GluR- $\delta$ 2 (G860) pAb.

## **Purification & Purity**

Synthetic peptide GluR- $\delta$ 2 (G860). (Note: the amino acid sequence is proprietary). The purity is > 98%.

#### **Product**

1 mg/ml in DI water.

#### **Storage & Stability**

Store at  $4\,\mathrm{C}$  short term. Aliquot and store at  $-20\,\mathrm{C}$  long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Research Use**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.