PRODUCT DATA SHEET



Bioworld Technology CO., Ltd.

GABAA Ry1 (K51) Peptide

Cat No.: BS3301P

Background

GAD-65 and GAD-67, glutamate decarboxylases, function to catalyze the production of GABA (gamma-aminobutyric acid). In the central nervous system GABA functions as the main inhibitory transmitter by increasing a Cl- conductance that inhibits neuronal firing. GABA has been shown to activate both ionotropic (GABAA) and metabotropic (GABAB) receptors as well as a third class of receptors called GABAC. Both GABAA and GABAC are ligand-gated ion channels, however, they are structurally and functionally distinct. Members of the GABAA receptor family include GABAA Rα1-6, GABAA R β1-3, GABAA Rγ1-3, GABAA Rδ, GABAA Rε, GABAA Rρ1 and GABAA Rp2. The GABAB family is composed of GABAB R1α and GABAB R1β. GABA transporters have also been identified and include GABA T-1, GABA T-2 and GABA T-3 (also designated GAT-1, -2, and -3). The GABA transporters function to terminate GABA action.

Swiss-Prot

Q8N1C3

Applications

Blocking

Specificity

This peptide can be used with studies using BS3301 GABAA $R\gamma1$ (K51) pAb.

Purification & Purity

Synthetic peptide GABAA R γ 1 (K51). (Note: the amino acid sequence is proprietary). The purity is > 98%.

Product

1 mg/ml in DI water.

Storage & Stability

Store at $4\,\mathrm{C}$ short term. Aliquot and store at -20 C long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Research Use

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.