PRODUCT DATA SHEET



Bioworld Technology CO., Ltd.

p-PKAα/β cat (T197) Peptide

Cat No.: BS4345P

Background

PRKACA and PRKACB are members of the Ser/Thr protein kinase family and are a catalytic subunit of cAMP-dependent protein kinase. cAMP is a signaling molecule important for a variety of cellular functions. cAMP exerts its effects by activating the cAMP-dependent protein kinase, which transduces the signal through phosphorylation of different target proteins. The inactive kinase holoenzyme is a tetramer composed of two regulatory and two catalytic subunits. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits.

Swiss-Prot

P17612/P22694

Applications

Blocking

Specificity

This peptide can be used with studies using BS4345 p-PKA α/β cat (T197) pAb.

Purification & Purity

Synthetic peptide p-PKA α/β cat (T197). (Note: the amino acid sequence is proprietary). The purity is > 98%.

Product

1 mg/ml in DI water.

Storage & Stability

Store at $4\,\mathrm{C}$ short term. Aliquot and store at $-20\,\mathrm{C}$ long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Research Use

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.