## **Bioworld Technology CO., Ltd.**



p-lkB-α (Y42) Peptide

Cat No.: BS4736P

### Background

Activation of NF $\kappa$ B requires that I $\kappa$ B be phosphorylated on specific serine residues, which results in targeted degradation of I $\kappa$ B. I $\kappa$ B kinase  $\alpha$  (IKK $\alpha$ ), previously designated CHUK, interacts with I $\kappa$ B- $\alpha$  and specifically phosphorylates I $\kappa$ B- $\alpha$  on the sites that trigger its degradation Serines 32 and 36. IKK $\alpha$  appears to be critical for NF $\kappa$ B activation in response to proinflammatory cytokines. Phosphorylation of I $\kappa$ B by IKK $\alpha$  is stimulated by the NF $\kappa$ B inducing kinase (NIK), which itself is a central regulator for NF $\kappa$ B activation in response to TNF and IL-1. The functional IKK complex contains three subunits, IKK $\alpha$ , IKK $\beta$  and IKK $\gamma$ , and each appear to make essential contributions to I $\kappa$ B phosphorylation.

# Swiss-Prot

P25963

Applications

Blocking

#### **Specificity**

This peptide can be used with studies using BS4736 p-IkB- $\alpha$  (Y42) pAb.

#### **Purification & Purity**

Synthetic peptide p-IkB- $\alpha$  (Y42). (Note: the amino acid sequence is proprietary). The purity is > 98%.

#### **Product**

1 mg/ml in DI water.

**Storage & Stability** 

Store at  $4 \,^{\circ}{\rm C}$  short term. Aliquot and store at  $-20 \,^{\circ}{\rm C}$  long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Research Use**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.