

## ALDOB Recombinant Rabbit mAb

Catalog: BS47753

Host: Rabbit

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

## **BackGround:**

Fructose-1,6-bisphosphate aldolase (EC 4.1.2.13) is a tetrameric glycolytic enzyme that catalyzes the reversible conversion of fructose-1,6-bisphosphate to glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate and dihydroxyacetone phosphate. Vertebrates have 3 aldolase isozymes which are distinguished by their electrophoretic and catalytic properties. Differences indicate that aldolases A, B, and C are distinct proteins, the products of a family of related 'housekeeping' genes exhibiting developmentally regulated expression of the different isozymes. The developing embryo produces aldolase A, which is produced in even greater amounts in adult muscle where it can be as much as 5% of total cellular protein. In adult liver, kidney and intestine, aldolase A expression is repressed and aldolase B is produced. In brain and other nervous tissue, aldolase A and C are expressed about equally. There is a high degree of homology between aldolase A and C. Defects in ALDOB cause hereditary fructose intolerance. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2008]

## **Product:**

Store at -20 °C. Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4),

0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt. Molecular Weight: 40 kDa Swiss-Prot: P05062 Purification&Purity: Affinity Purification Applications: WB: 1:1000<br />IHC: 1:20-1:100<br />IP: 1:20 Storage&Stability: Store at 4 °C short term. Aliquot and store at -20 °C long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. Isotype:

IgG

**DATA:** 

## Note:

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.

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