

## p-GRF-1 (Y1087) Peptide

## Cat No.: BS4814P

## Background

GRF-1 (glucocorticoid receptor DNA-binding factor 1), also known as p190RhoGAP or simply p190, is a transcriptional regulator which binds to the promoter region of the glucocorticoid receptor gene and represses its expression. By repressing GR expression, GRF-1 acts to down-regulate Rho signaling, thereby mediating both actin cytoskeletal rearrangements and cell cycle events. Through its GAP domain, GRF-1 is thought to affect cytokinesis by regulating Rho activity; a regulation that is controlled by the ubiquination of the GTP binding region and subsequent degradation of GRF-1. Additionally, GRF-1 plays an important role in oligodendrocyte differentiation, a process that is absent in malignant glioma tumors, implicating GRF-1 as a possible tumor suppressor. GRF-1 expression is regulated by glucocorticoids and the expressed protein exists as two isoforms produced by alternative splicing events.

## Swiss-Prot

Q9NRY4
Applications

## Blocking

## Specificity

This peptide can be used with studies using BS4814 p-GRF-1 (Y1087) pAb.

## Purification \& Purity

Synthetic peptide p-GRF-1 (Y1087). (Note: the amino acid sequence is proprietary). The purity is $>98 \%$.

## Product

$1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ in DI water.

## Storage \& Stability

Store at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ short term. Aliquot and store at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

## Research Use

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.

